

Adjoint Dark Matter

*Jussi Virkajärvi,
University of Jyväskylä, Finland*

*with K.Kainulainen
and
K.Tuominen*

DESY, Hamburg 6.7.2009

Outline

- *Technicolor model & dark matter (WIMP)*
- *The WIMP density and mass mixing*
- *Model results*
- *Conclusion*

Basic idea of Technicolor (TC)

- New gauge interaction TC which only technifermions feel
- Left and right handed fermions (massless) have SU(2) chiral symmetry



Technifermion condensate = a composite Higgs
(+ (pseudo) Goldstone bosons)



- **Spontaneous symmetry breaking dynamically**
 - Electroweak symmetry breaking
 - Right mass ratio for EW gauge bosons

Early Universe
High Temperature
 $T > \text{TeV}$

Universe expands,
T drops

$T_{EW} \approx 100 \text{ GeV}$

Minimal Walking TC (MWTC)

- **Model:** Two techniquarks(flavors) in two index symmetric (= adjoint) presentation of an SU(2) TC gauge group.

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} U^{\{c_1, c_2\}} \\ D^{\{c_1, c_2\}} \end{array} \right)_L \quad \left(U_R^{\{c_1, c_2\}}, D_R^{\{c_1, c_2\}} \right)$$

- Witten anomaly \rightarrow cured by introducing a new heavy lepton family

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} E^- \\ N \end{array} \right)_L$$

- Model is consistent with electroweak precision measurements (e.g. Antipin, Heikinheimo, Tuominen arXiv:09050622)

• Near conformal (=walking) \rightarrow FCNC's suppressed.

(Sannino & Tuominen, hep-ph/0405209)

MWTC & SM-unification

- **Model**: Three additional Weyl fermions (TC singlets):
 - One, \tilde{g} in adjoint representation of QCD color ("gluino")
 - One, $\tilde{\omega}$ in adjoint representation of $SU(2)_L$ ("wino")
 - One, β singlet under all SM charges ("bino")
- No fundamental scalars (Higgs) = No hierarchy problem
- MSSM like SM coupling constants unification (one loop)

(Gudnason, Rytov & Sannino , hep-ph/0612230)

Unification motivated WIMP

- Assume \tilde{g} "gluino" is heavy and decoupled
 - The ω "wino" is $SU(2)_L$ triplet state (hypercharge singlet) $\omega = \begin{pmatrix} \omega^+ \\ \omega^0 \\ \omega^- \end{pmatrix}$
 - The β "bino" (SM singlet) effects only by mass mixing
 - Implement Z_2 symmetry ($\omega^a \rightarrow -\omega^a, \beta \rightarrow -\beta$) (R-parity SUSY)
- ω^0 neutral "wino" and β "bino" mass mix and form two Majorana particles $\chi_1, \chi_2 \rightarrow$ the lighter is stable (Z_2) and good candidate for dark matter: χ_2 the WIMP

Relic density from Lee-Weinberg equation

- Biggest effects to final abundance of the Adjoint DM particles comes from the **cross section** and **Hubble parameter**

Our mass mixing case and SUSY

$$\frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x} = \frac{\langle v\sigma \rangle m_N x^2}{H} (f^2(x) - f_{\text{eq}}^2(x))$$

Our earlier Model

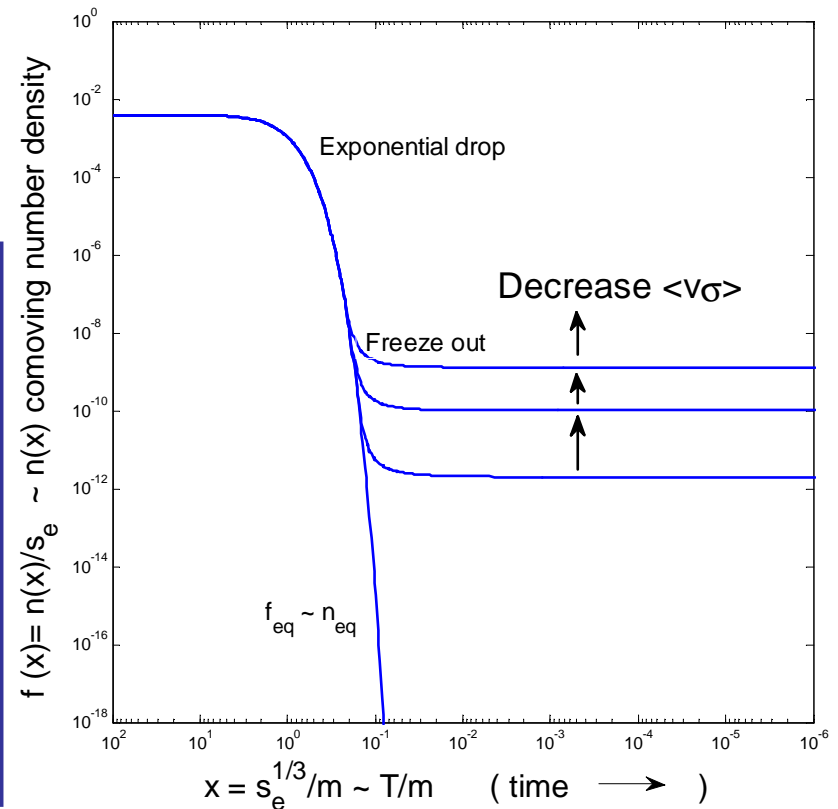
$$H = \sqrt{\frac{8\pi G_N}{3} \rho_{\text{rad},0} \left[h \left(\frac{a_0}{a} \right)^4 + r \left(\frac{a_0}{a} \right)^6 \right]}$$

$$r = \frac{\rho_{\Omega,0}}{\rho_{\text{rad},0}}$$

"0" means $T = 1 \text{ MeV}$

$\rho_{\text{rad}} \propto a^{-4}$
Standard model

$\rho_{\Omega} \propto a^{-6}$
Dynamical dark energy



Effective Mass Lagrangian

Non-renormalizable operators: dimension five

$$L_{Mass} = \frac{\lambda_L}{\Lambda} (H^\dagger \bar{\omega} \omega H) + \frac{\lambda_D}{\Lambda} (\bar{\beta} H^\dagger \omega H) + h.c. +$$

$$\frac{\lambda_R}{\Lambda} (\bar{\beta} \beta H^\dagger H) + h.c. \quad \text{or} \quad y_R S \bar{\beta} \beta + h.c.$$

Scenario 1 Scenario 2

Triplet "wino": $\omega = \omega^a \tau^a$
 SU(2) generators: $\tau^a = \sigma^a / 2$

Singlet "bino": β
 Composite Higgs doublet: H
 Composite singlet: S

Spontaneous symmetry breaking:  Composite Higgs gets VEV $H \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ h+v \end{pmatrix}$

Most general mass term for the Adjoint dark matter:

$$-2L_{mass} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{\omega}_L^c & \bar{\beta}_R \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} M_L & m_D \\ m_D & M_R \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \omega_L^0 \\ \beta_R^c \end{pmatrix} + h.c.$$

$$\begin{cases} M_{L,R} = 4\lambda_{L,R} v^2 / \Lambda \\ \text{or } M_R = 4y_R v_S \\ m_D = -2\lambda_D v^2 / \Lambda \end{cases}$$

Mass mixing and Ann. Cross section

- **Diagonalize mass matrix:**

Two **MAJORANA** particles: χ_1 and χ_2
 Three parameters: m_1, m_2, θ , and $m_1 > m_2$

- If $m_D^2 < M_L M_R$ then $m_1, m_2 > 0$ ($\rho_2 = +1$).
- If $m_D^2 \geq M_L M_R$ then extra phase $\rho_2 = -1$, so that $m_2 = \rho_2 \lambda_2 > 0$, $m_1 > 0$.

- **Couplings to gauge bosons:**

$$W_\mu^- \bar{\omega}^- \gamma^\mu \omega^0 = W_\mu^- \left[\sin \theta \bar{\omega}_L^- \gamma^\mu \chi_{2L} + \rho_2 \sin \theta \bar{\omega}_R^- \gamma^\mu \chi_{2R} \right] + \dots$$

ω^0 doesn't couple to Z - boson

- **Couplings to composite Higgs**

- **Thermally averaged annihilation cross section:**

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle_{\chi_2} \sim f(\sin \theta) \langle \sigma v \rangle_{USUAL WIMP (heavy majorana neutrino)}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \chi_2 \bar{\chi}_2 \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_i \text{ (via } h^0) \\ \chi_2 \bar{\chi}_2 \rightarrow W^+ W^- \\ \chi_2 \bar{\chi}_2 \rightarrow Z^0 Z^0 \text{ (via } h^0) \\ \chi_2 \bar{\chi}_2 \rightarrow h^0 h^0 \end{array} \right.$$

Things effecting to results

- **Two β mass scenarios:** Scenario 1
Scenario 2 **different Higgs couplings**
- **Phase factor ρ_2 choice in Mass matrix diagonalization:** $\rho_2 = \pm 1$,
 m_2, θ , ($\rho_1 = +1, m_1 = 2m_2$)
- **Higgs mass** m_{Higgs}
- M_L **is related to charged states mass (LEP limits)**

$$-2L_{mass} = \left(\bar{\omega}_R^- \quad \bar{\omega}_R^+ \quad \bar{\omega}_R^0 \quad \bar{\beta}_R \right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & M_L & 0 & 0 \\ M_L & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & M_L & m_D \\ 0 & 0 & m_D & M_R \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \omega_L^+ \\ \omega_L^- \\ \omega_L^0 \\ \beta_R^c \end{pmatrix} + h.c.$$

Model results

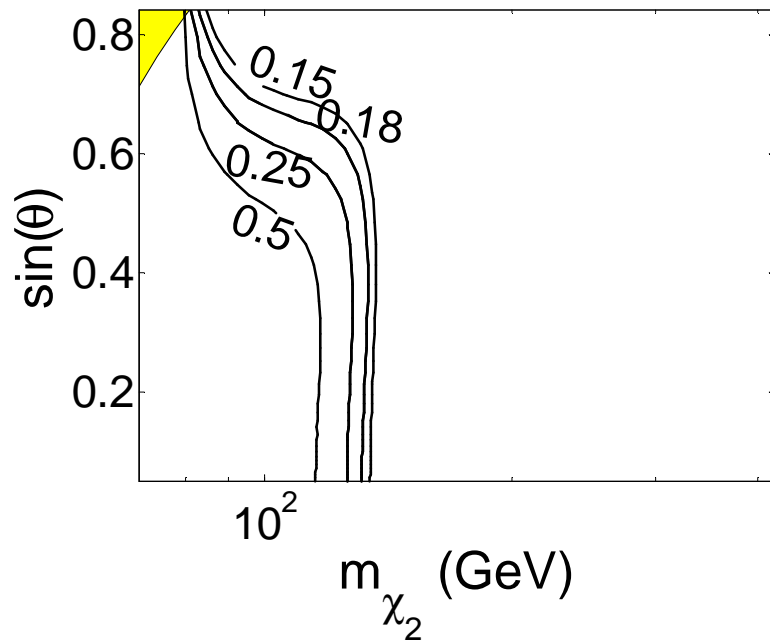
From Lee-Weinberg equation

$$\Omega_{\chi_2} = 1.09 \times 10^6 \frac{1}{2} m_{\chi_2} f'(0)$$

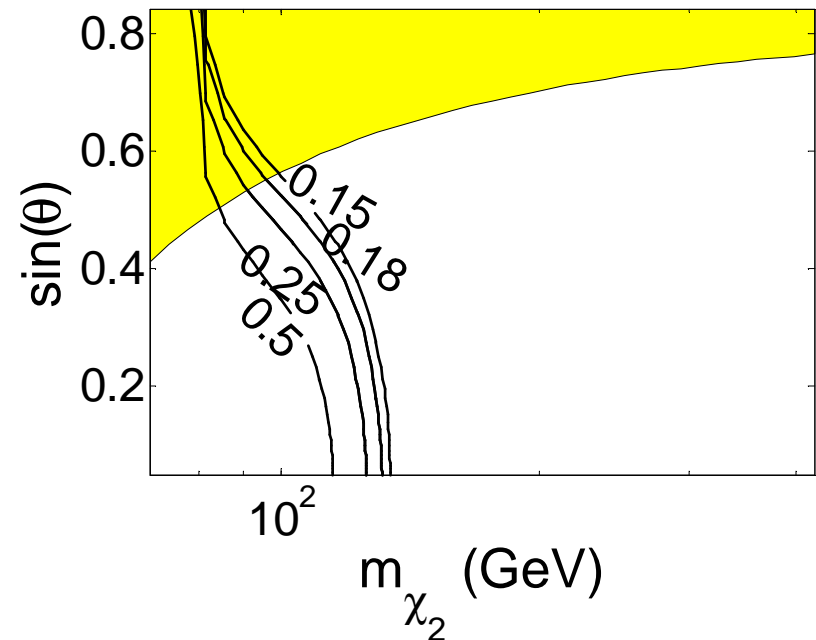
Area between 0.18 - 0.25 contours compatible with WMAP results

Shown $\Omega_{\chi_2}(m_{\chi_2}, \sin\theta)$ constant contours

Scenario = 1, $\rho_2 = +1$, $m_{Higgs} = 500 \text{ GeV}$



Scenario = 1, $\rho_2 = -1$, $m_{Higgs} = 500 \text{ GeV}$

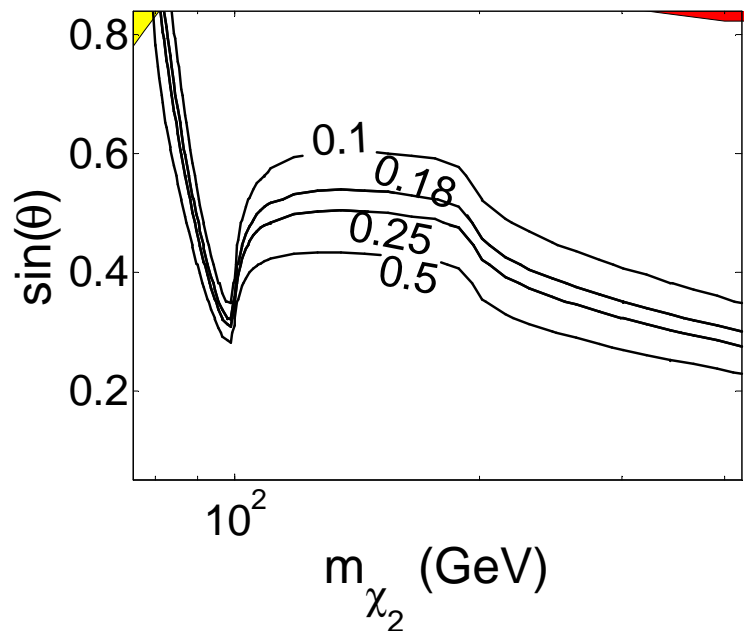


Yellow area Excluded by LEP: $\sqrt{s} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$ i.e. $M_L \equiv m_{\omega^\pm} \leq 104.5 \text{ GeV}$

Red area Excluded by XENON10 experiment results 2008

Shown Ω_{χ_2} constant contours

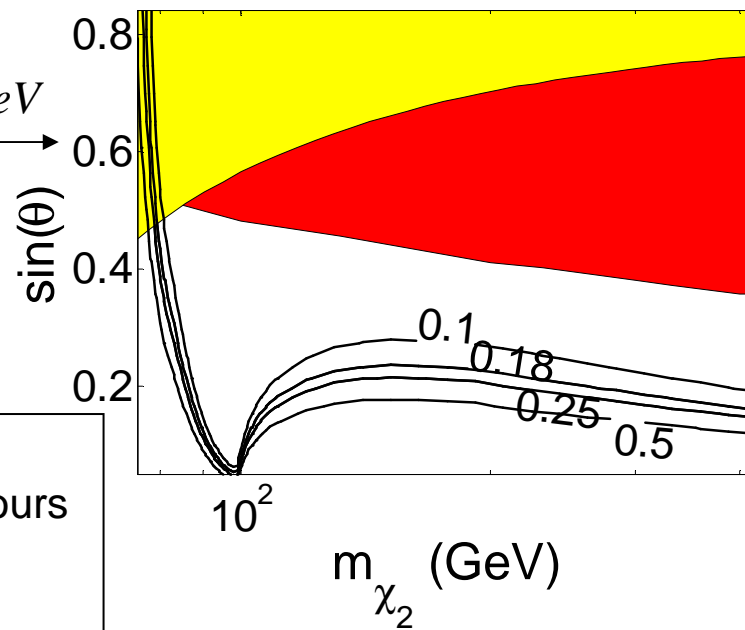
Scenario = 2, $\rho_2 = +1$



$m_{Higgs} = 200 \text{ GeV}$

Area between
0.18- 0.25 contours
compatible with
WMAP results

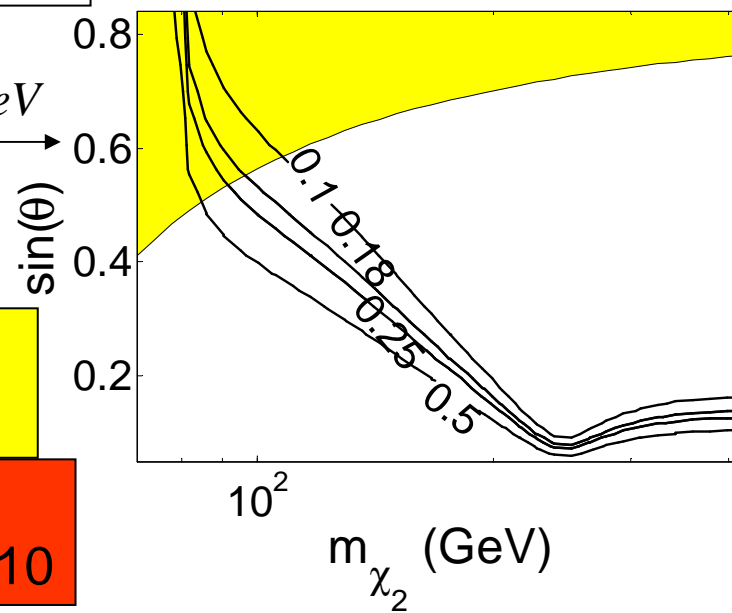
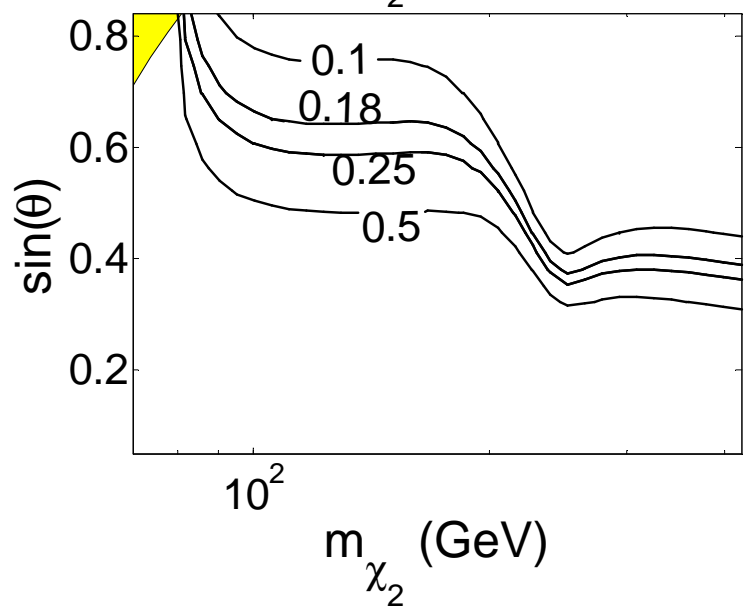
Scenario = 2, $\rho_2 = -1$



$m_{Higgs} = 500 \text{ GeV}$

Excluded
by LEP

Excluded
by XENON10



Conclusion

- In **standard expansion** case from mixed Dirac-Majorana mass term:
 - Annihilation cross section smaller ($f(\sin\theta)$) than in the case of usual WIMP (for example heavy Majorana neutrino).
 - Mainly right handed Adjoint fermion with $m > 80$ GeV candidate for dark matter: not excluded by LEP or cryogenic direct searches.
 - Model gives (in Non-SUSY framework)
 - Solution for hierarchy problem
 - SM-coupling constants unification
 - A natural dark matter candidate
- With modest new matter content